1. A medicament for preventive and/or therapeutic treatment of a microbial infection, which comprises as an active ingredient a compound represented by the following general formula (I) or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or a hydrate thereof:

$$R^1$$
 R^2
 S
 W
 N
 R^4
 W^2-Q

wherein, R1 and R2 each independently represent hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, hydroxyl group, a group of OZ_{1-6} (the group of OZ_{1-6} represents an alkyl group having 1-6 carbon atoms or a fluoroalkyl group having 1-6 carbon atoms, which bonds via the oxygen atom), a group of S(O)_nZ₁₋₄ (Z₁₋₄ represents an alkyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms or a fluoroalkyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms or an alkylene group derived therefrom), a group of $N(R^{12})(R^{13})$ (R^{12} and R^{13} each independently represent hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms or a\fluoroalkyl group having 1-4 carbon atoms), a group of Z_{1-8} which may be substituted (Z_1 represents an alkyl group having 1-8 carbon atoms or a fluoroalkyl group having 1-8 carbon atoms), a 5- to 7-membered cyclic alkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group, or à 4- to 7-membered saturated or partially saturated heterocyclic group (the cyclic alkyl group, aryl group, heteroaryl group and heterocyclic group may have one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, hydroxyl group, a group of OZ_{1-4} , a group of $S(O)_nZ_{1-4}$, a group of $N(R^{12})(R^{13})$, a group of Z_{1-4} , carboxyl group, a group of CO_2Z_{1-4} , group of CONH₂, a group of CONH(Z_{1-4}) and a group of CON(Z_{1-4}) Z_{1-4}); W^1 represents a group selected from the group consisting of -CH=CN-, -N(R^{12})CO-, -CON(R12)-, -CH2O- and -CH2CH2- (each of the aforementioned groups binds to the thiazole ring at the left end);

R³ represents hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, hydroxyl group or an amino group;

R4 represents a group selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom, a group of -OZ₀₋₄R⁵ (Z₀₋₄ represents an alkylene group having 1-4 carbon atoms, a fluorine-substituted alkylene group having 1-4 carbon atoms or a single bond, and R⁵ represents\a 5- to 7-membered cyclic alkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a 4- to 7-membered saturated or partially saturated heterocyclic group (the cyclic alkyl group, aryl group, heteroaryl group and heterocyclic group may have one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, hydroxyl group, a group of OZ₁₋₄, a group of S(O)_nZ₁₋₄, a group of N(R¹²)(R¹³), a group of Z₁₋₄, carboxyl group, a group of CO_2Z_{1-4} , group of $CONH_2$, a group of $CONH(Z_{1-4})$ and a group of $CON(Z_{1-4})(Z_{1-4})$, a group of $-S(O)_nZ_{0-4}R^5$, a group of $-N(R^6)(R^7)$ { R^6 and R^7 each independently represent hydrogen atom or Z1-4, or they may bind to each other to form a saturated or unsaturated 5- to 7-membered ring (the ring may contain one or two hetero atoms as ring constituting atoms), and R6 and R7 may have one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, hydroxyl group, a group of $OCON(R^{12})(R^{13})$, a group of $CON(R^{12})(R^{13})$, a group of $N(R^{12})CON(R^{12})(R^{13})$, a group of Z₁₋₄, a group of OZ₁₋₄, a group S(O)_nZ₁₋₄, group of CH₂OH, a group of $(CH_2)_mN(R^{12})(R^{13})$, carboxyl group, cyano group, a group of $CO-Z_{1-4}(R^{10})-N(R^{12})(R^{13})$ (R^{10} is a substituent corresponding to a side chain on an amino acid carbon or a group of -Z₁₋₄-R¹¹ (R¹¹ represents a substituent which forms a quaternary salt) and a group of $CO - Z_{1-4} - N(R^{12})(R^{13})$ (CH₂)q

}, a 5- or 6-membered aryl group which may be substituted and a 5or 6-membered unsaturated heterocyclic group which may be substituted; W^2 represents a single bond or $-C(R^9)-C(R^9)-(R^3)$ and R^9 each independently represent hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a lower alkyl group, an alkoxy group, cyano group, carboxyl group, hydroxymethyl group, cyanomethyl\group, vinyl group or a group of $N(R^{12})(R^{13})$), Q represents an acidic group, and W^2 and Q may bind together to form vinylidenethiazolidinedione in E- or Z-configuration or an equivalent heterocyclic ring; m and n each independently represent an integer of 0 to 2, and q represents an integer of 0 to 3.

2. A medicament for eliminating resistance of a microorganism with acquired drug resistance, which comprises the compound represented by the aforementioned general formula (I) according to claim 1 or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof as

an active ingredient.

- 3. A medicament for enhancing effect of an antimicrobial agent, which comprises a compound represented by the aforementioned general formula (I) according to claim 1 or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
- 4. A pharmaceutical composition for preventive and/or therapeutic treatment of a microbial infection, which comprises a compound represented by the aforementioned general formula (I) according to claim 1 or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof together with an antimicrobial agent.
- 5. A medicament for preventive and/or therapeutic treatment of a microbial infection, which comprises as an active ingredient a compound represented by the following general formula (I) or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or hydrates thereof

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
R^2 \\
S \\
W^1 \\
W^2 \\
R^3 \\
O \\
W^2 \\
Q
\end{array}$$

wherein, R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , W^1 , W^2 and Q have the same meanings as those defined above; R^{14} represents hydrogen atom, Z_{1-4} , $Z_{1-4}R^5$ or $Z_{1-4}OR^5$; and X and Y each independently represent C-H or nitrogen atom.

add add add